



INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
SECOND PERIODIC TEST
MATHEMATICS – 041



CLASS: XII

MAX. MARKS: 20

DATE: 09-05-2021

TIME ALLOWED: 40 MINUTES

INSTRUCTIONS:

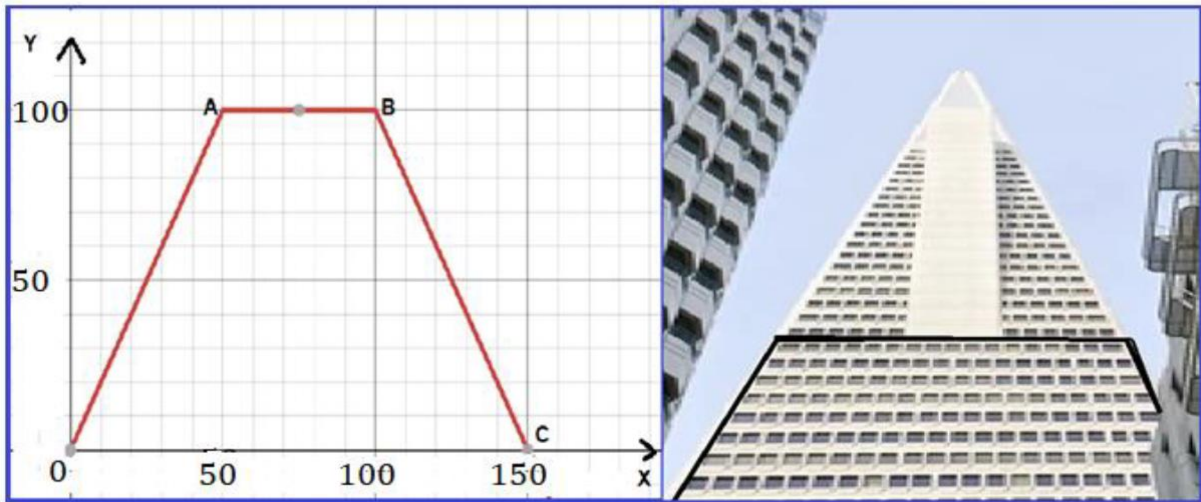
1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Calculators are not allowed.
3. Question No 1 to 2 are Very short answer Type questions of 1 mark each.
4. Question No 3 to 6 are Short answer type – I questions of 2 marks each.
5. Question No 7 to 8 are Short answer type- II questions of 3 marks each.
6. Question No. 9 is on case study. The case study question has 5 case – based sub-parts. An examinee is to attempt any 4 out of 5 sub – parts (1 Mark each).

Q.No	Marks
1. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \cos(\sqrt{3x})$	1
2. If $y = \log(\sec^2 x)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$	1
3. Find the left hand derivative of the following function $f(x) = \begin{cases} x[x] & , & 0 \leq x < 2 \\ x(x-1) & , & 2 \leq x < 3 \end{cases}$ at $x = 2$ Using the above result what do you conclude about the differentiability of the function at $x = 2$?	2
4. If $x = t^2$ and $y = t - t^3$, find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ at $t = 1$	2
5. Differentiate w.r.t. x : $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{1-x}\right)$	2
6. If $y = \sin^{-1}\sqrt{3-x^2}$ and $u = \sqrt{3-x^2}$ find $\frac{dy}{du}$	2
7. If $x^p y^q = (x+y)^{p+q}$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$	3
8. If $y = e^x(\sin x + \cos x)$, prove that $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$	3

9. **Case study-based questions are compulsory. Attempt any four sub parts of each question. Each sub part carries 1 mark.**

The Transamerica Pyramid, shown below, is an office building in San Francisco. It stands 853 feet tall and is 145 feet wide at its base. Imagine that a coordinate plane is placed over a side of the tower (graph is not proportional to actual height and width) and is defined by the function,

$f(x) = -|x - 50| - |x - 100| + 150$, where x axis represents the width and y axis represents the height.



Based on the above information, answer any four of the following questions:

(i) Which among the following is the correct statement?

(A) $f(x)$ is discontinuous at $x = 50$ and $x = 100$.

1

(B) $f(x)$ is continuous at only $x = 50$ and $x = 100$.

(C) $f(x)$ is continuous at all points in its domain.

(D) $f(x)$ is discontinuous at all points in its domain.

(ii) Find $f'(x)$ when $x \in (50, 100)$

1

(A) 5

(B) 0

(C) -1

(D) 10

(iii) Which statement among the following is correct?

1

(A) $f(x)$ is differentiable everywhere. (B) $f(x)$ is not differentiable in $(0, 50)$

(C) $f(x)$ is not differentiable in $(50, 100)$ (D) $f(x)$ is not differentiable at $x = 50$ and $x = 100$

(iv) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when $x = 120$

1

(A) -2

(B) 2

(C) 0

(D) 80

(v) Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ when $x = 40$

1

(A) -2

(B) 2

(C) 0

(D) 40